

# THE BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH

Volume 18, Number 142

BRAINERD, MINNESOTA SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1918

Price Three Cents

## BOYS COMING HOME RATE OF 300,000 MONTH

### PEACE MEETING NEXT JANUARY

Expected to Be Held Early in  
New Year, Most Probably  
at Versailles.

### WILSON WISHES TO GO

Believes He Can Be of Service When  
Conference Opens—German U-Boat  
Crews Stand by Former Kaiser  
—Vienna Socialists Riot.

#### ARMISTICE DEVELOPMENTS.

Belgian troops reported to have  
entered Antwerp.

American aviators arrive at Co-  
logne on Rhine.

American military commission  
leaves for Spa, German headquar-  
ters.

Five days allowed Germany to  
surrender military equipment.

American admirals appointed  
on commissions to oversee sur-  
render of German and Austrian  
warships.

Peace conference probably will  
meet in January at Versailles.

President Wilson is expected to  
attend peace conference.

Belgian king and queen received  
with military pomp at Ghent.

London, Nov. 16.—According to a  
Copenhagen dispatch to the Daily Ex-  
press, the crews of the German U-  
boats, at a mass meeting at Bruns-  
butel, resolved to oppose the revolution  
and reinstate the officers. They also  
decided to fly the national flag instead  
of the red flag.

Vienna Socialists Riot.

Paris, Nov. 16.—Socialists stormed  
the Austrian parliament building in  
Vienna Wednesday and tried to enter  
the chamber where the new state  
council was in session. Shots were  
fired before order could be restored  
and 20 persons in the crush outside  
the building were injured, according  
to dispatches received here.

Swiss Strike Off.

Washington, Nov. 16.—Uncondition-  
al revocation of the general strike or-  
der in Switzerland by the socialist  
committee was reported in an official  
message to Swiss Minister Sulzer  
here.

Peace Council in January.

Washington, Nov. 16.—Informal dip-  
lomatic exchanges now proceeding  
among the Allies and this government  
have, it is learned, already brought a  
unanimity of sentiment that the peace  
conference should be conducted not  
later than the early part of January.

While some have favored a meeting  
next month, there appears to be great  
doubt in the minds of British diplo-  
mats and others as to whether the  
preliminaries can be completed by  
that time.

Washington is beginning to take se-  
riously the idea of President Wilson  
going to Europe for the opening of the  
peace conference.

Wilson Wishes to Go.

According to those closest to the  
president, he has practically made up  
his mind to go. It has been pointed  
out to him that there is an element of  
danger—other than political—in the  
enterprise; that grave questions may  
arise at home during his absence and  
that it is just as well that he should  
not be too immediately accessible  
when certain indicated questions come  
up before the peace conference.

None of these considerations seem  
to weigh against the president's be-  
lief that he can be of extreme service  
in getting the peace delegates started  
right.

Probably at Versailles.

The general feeling of the associated  
governments is that Versailles is the  
most convenient place to hold the  
peace conference, and if this were  
decided upon it also would serve as a  
recognition of the paramount position  
of France in the war.

Captains to Be Rear Admirals.

Washington, Nov. 16.—Capts. John  
A. Hoogwerff and Marbury Johnston  
were nominated by President Wilson  
to be rear admirals of the navy.

Sees Food Shortage for Years.

Columbus, Ohio, Nov. 16.—Dr. O. W.  
Thompson, president of the Ohio State  
university, back from Europe as head  
of the United States agricultural com-  
mission, sees a big shortage of food in  
Europe during the next few years.

"It will be best for the United States  
to take the initiative in forming an  
inter-Allied council to arrange a food  
program for the next two years, he  
said. There will also be a big demand  
for cotton, wool and live stock feed  
over there."

#### GEN. HORATIO C. KING

Author, Lecturer and Civil War  
Veteran Dead.



Gen. Horatio C. King, veteran of the  
Civil war, lecturer, author and  
composer and clerk for many  
years of historic Plymouth church,  
died at his home in Brooklyn at the  
age of 80 years.

### Peace Conference Late This Month

(By United Press)

Washington, D. C., Nov. 16.—The  
preliminary session of the peace con-  
ference will begin at Versailles or  
Paris late this month the French ca-  
bles today reported.

### German Delegation to Plead for Food

(By United Press)

London, Nov. 16.—Germany wants  
to send a delegation to America to  
plead for food says a wireless from  
Berlin.

#### Unpalatable Ship "Bread."

In grandfather's day a ship took on  
her supply of bread for a voyage in  
tanks before leaving home. This supply  
had to last until the end of the voyage,  
though that might be a year or two.

The bread was in the form of hard  
iscuit. It kept fairly well when dry,  
but often it got damp and moldy, or  
rotty.

## FIRST ONES WILL BE THE DISABLED, WOUNDED SOLDIERS ---TRAVEL IN AMERICAN SHIPS

### Yank Prisoners are Released

BY WEBB MILLER  
(United Press Staff Correspondent.)

With Americans in France, Nov. 16—  
Hundreds of American prisoners  
have been released by the Germans  
and are pouring cross our lines.

Many walked twenty-four hours in  
the freezing weather with little food.

They said the Germans evacuated and  
left them to their own resources.

They include troops from Wisconsin  
and Michigan. None of the men had  
overcoats and they wore a motley  
collection of clothing. Some wore  
German uniforms and had been work-  
ing in saw mills and on farms.

Homeward Movement  
of Troops Started

(By United Press)

New York, Nov. 16.—Herbert Hoover,  
the food administrator and Ed-  
ward N. Hurley, chairman of the  
shipping board, sailed for Europe to-  
day on the White Star liner Olympia.

Mr. Hoover is going abroad to take  
charge of the huge task of feeding  
the hungry millions in the war de-  
vastated countries. Hurley's mission  
is to arrange for the homeward voy-  
ages of American troops overseas.

Hurley declared he believed the  
Yankees can be transported home at  
the rate of three hundred thousand a  
month in American vessels. He an-  
nounced that the homeward move-  
ment had already started, and that  
in a few days the soldiers will com-  
mence disembarking in New York.

The first arrivals will be those who  
were disabled and removed from the  
firing line before the armistice was  
signed, he said.

### Wilson Will Attend Peace Conference

(By United Press)

London, Nov. 16.—That President  
Wilson will attend the peace confer-  
ence is practically certain the Even-  
ing News declares, attributing the in-  
formation to Col. House. The hall  
of mirrors at Versailles is being de-  
corated.

Demobilization  
Orders Issued

BY CARL D. GROAT.  
(Staff Correspondent, United Press)

Washington, Nov. 16.—Demobiliza-  
tion orders already issued, will care  
for the discharge of two hundred  
thousand men within the next two  
weeks in this country. As the ma-  
chinery develops the army can dis-  
charge thirty thousand men a day.

These facts developed from Chief of  
Staff March's press conference today.

### Germany Owes France 68 Billion

(By United Press)

Paris, Nov. 16.—Lemaitre declares  
that Germany owes France sixty-  
eight billion dollars. Reparation is  
enumerated at twenty billion.

### Must Have Dicta- torial Powers

(By United Press)

Amsterdam, Nov. 16.—The work-  
men and soldiers must have dicta-  
torial powers if we are to avert mis-  
ery in Germany, declared Captain Von  
Beerfelde in Berlin. General Inross  
warned against civil war.

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signed, he said.

Peace Delegation  
Being Discussed

(By United Press)

Washington, Nov. 16.—In addition  
to President Wilson, Secretary Lan-  
sing, Justice Brandeis and Col. House  
who are expected to attend the peace  
conference, the United States must  
have military and naval delegates.

The legal branches of the army and  
navy are likely to be invited for  
this. The government is giving most  
serious thought to the selection of the  
representatives. Meanwhile Ger-  
many continues its efforts to force an  
early peace conference.

The United States has notified Ger-  
many that in speaking of matters  
concerning all the allies she should  
address all the powers and not the  
United States alone. This move on  
the part of Germany is believed aimed  
to create allied discussion.

Belgian Outposts  
Enter Brussels

(By United Press)

Paris, Nov. 16.—Belgian outposts  
entered Brussels this morning.

Minnesota Remains Wet

(By United Press)

St. Paul, Nov. 16.—Minnesota re-  
mains wet, the dry amendment hav-  
ing failed by 756 votes.

Several Members Speak at Length  
for and Against the General  
Proposal.

Washington, Nov. 16.—The plan for  
a League of Nations to Enforce Peace,  
as proposed by President Wilson in  
his 14 principles and endorsed by Al-  
lied statesmen, was criticized and ap-  
proved in debate in the Senate.

Senators Walsh of Montana and  
Owen of Oklahoma, Democrats,  
praised the plan and commended the  
indorsement of it by Premier Lloyd  
George and other British leaders in  
recent speeches, while Senator Poin-  
dexter, Republican, of Washington,  
said such a league would necessitate  
revision of the Federal constitution  
and virtually would bring about the  
abrogation of the Monroe doctrine.

Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania,  
Republican, characterized the plan as  
a "novel idea," which should be care-  
fully considered. He also inquired  
as to whether the league was not be-  
ing advocated for the purpose of fur-  
thering free trade.

In the debate Senator Owen said  
that a league of nations was respon-  
sible for "bringing autocracy in Eu-  
rope to its knees."

He denied that the league, as pro-  
posed, would in any way interfere  
with this country's tariff or internal  
affairs and said this was the logical  
and opportune time for its establish-  
ment.

BIG BASEBALL YEAR AHEAD.

Returning Soldiers Are Expected to  
Stimulate the Game.

Peoria, Ill., Nov. 16.—With the sign-  
ing of peace negotiations baseball in  
the minor leagues will be resumed on  
a larger scale than ever, in the opin-  
ion of John H. Farrell of Auburn,  
N. Y., secretary of the National Base-  
ball Association of Professional Baseball  
Leagues.

Soldiers returning from the battle-  
fields of France and the training  
camps will do much to bring baseball  
back to its former popularity, Sec-  
retary Farrell believes.

#### MRS. WOODROW WILSON

Receives Appeal for Aid From  
German Women.



Appeals addressed to Mrs. Wood-  
row Wilson and Miss Jane Addams  
of Chicago, asking that the armistice  
terms be modified, to prevent "un-  
speakable disaster," have been sent  
from the German wireless station at  
Nauen.

### SLASH REVENUE BILL

Congress Is Asked to Reduce  
Certain Items.

Considerable Opposition May Develop  
to Some of Secretary McAdoo's  
Proposals.

Washington, Nov. 16.—Downward  
revision of the war revenue bill to  
about the \$6,000,000,000 total recom-  
mended by Secretary McAdoo appears  
to be assured, members of the Senate  
finance committee said after Mr. Mc-  
Adoo had personally explained to the  
committee suggestions as to future  
government financing made in his let-  
ter to Chairman Simmons.

Some of the Secretary's proposals,  
however, especially those to abandon  
excess profits taxation and increase  
individual income taxes in 1920, met  
with strong opposition, senators said.

Republican opposition to Mr. Mc-  
Adoo's recommendation for immediate  
specific limitation of taxes to \$4,000,  
000,000 in 1920 also developed, but  
Senator Simmons said a majority of  
the committee favors it.

Because of prospective Republican  
control of both houses of Congress  
next March, Republican opposition to  
limiting taxation two years hence was  
not unexpected, and a strong fight in  
both houses on this feature of the  
revenue bill is considered probable.  
If it develops, it will be the first se-  
rious partisan difference in the meas-  
ure's consideration.

Another King Missing.

Amsterdam, Nov. 16.—The where-  
abouts of Ludwig III, former king of  
Bavaria, is unknown, according to a  
dispatch from Munich. The Frank-  
fort Gazette announces that the Ba-  
varian government has adopted an  
eight-hour working day in all state  
departments.

Poles Disarm Germans.

Polish troops have taken possession  
of German general headquarters in  
Poland and are disarming the Ger-  
man troops, diplomats cabled from  
Berne stated.

General Pilsudski is temporarily ad-  
ministering martial law, but the re-  
gency council, in a manifesto to the  
Polish people, says authority will be  
remitted to the diet as soon as it can  
be assembled.

ABOLISHES SENIORITY RULE

Senate Resolution Aimed at Com-  
mittee Control.

Washington, Nov. 16.—A move to  
abolish the rule of seniority by which  
senators of long service may have  
choice of several committee chair-  
manships was made by Senator Norris  
of Nebraska, Republican, who proposed  
that after March 4, 1919, when the  
Republicans expect to obtain control,  
senators made chairmen of the fi-  
nance, foreign relations, military, na-  
val and other important committees,  
shall not be eligible to membership  
on other committees.

BRITISH WARSHIP IS SUNK

Details of the Accident Have Not  
Been Made Public.

Baltimore, Nov. 16.—Although no  
official report of the sinking of H. M.  
S. Cantina has been made by the  
British Admiralty, news of it was re-  
ceived here in a cablegram from Lieut.  
C. E. Sanderson of the British navy  
to his parents. He said that a num-  
ber of men went down with the ship.

LINER SINKS U. S. DESTROYER

Cut In Two and Sent to Bottom in  
Acident.

New York, Nov. 16.—The United  
States destroyer Shaw was rammed by  
the Canadian Pacific line steamship  
Melita and was cut in two and sunk  
Oct. 9. It was learned upon the arrival  
of the Melita here.



"THE United War Work Campaign of  
these societies is merely another indi-  
cation of that unity of spirit as a nation  
that is making it possible for us to win the war.  
That spirit and the place which the work of  
these agencies has made for itself in the  
hearts of all of us gives me confidence to  
believe that the united campaign will be  
crowned with abundant success."

Woodrow Wilson

UNITED WAR WORK CAMPAIGN



Says General Pershing, referring to  
one of the war work organizations:

"A SENSE of obligation for the varied  
and useful service rendered to the  
army in France . . . prompts me to  
join in the appeal for its further financial  
support. I have opportunity to observe  
its operations, measure the quality of its  
personnel and mark its beneficial influence  
upon our troops, and I wish unreservedly  
to commend its work for the army."

—General Pershing

UNITED WAR WORK CAMPAIGN





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Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat  
Glasses Fitted Correctly  
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Dentist  
First National Bank Building  
Brainerd, Minn.

**DR. C. G. NORDIN**

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Glasses Fitted  
First Nat'l. Bank Bldg., Phone 5  
Brainerd, Minn.

**D. E. WHITNEY**

Funeral Director  
110 Front Street Brainerd, Minn.

**W. F. WIELAND**

Attorney at Law  
First Natl. Bank Bldg. Brainerd

**EARL F. JAMIESON, M. D.**

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Office Hours 11 to 1, 3 to 5  
Evening By Appointment

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Repaired  
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Floral Offerings  
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## Roy and Grace Williams CHIROPRACTORS

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The Brainerd Dispatch

**The Enterprising Merchants  
Represented in This Paper  
ADVERTISE  
Because It Pays Them**

**BE A BOOSTER!  
TRADE AT HOME!  
TAKE THE HOME PAPER!**

**THE WEATHER****Weather Forecast for Next 24 Hours:**

Cooler.  
Co-operative observer's record, 7 P. M.—  
November 15, maximum 38, minimum 37. Reading in evening, 37. Southeast wind. Trace rain.  
November 16, minimum during night, 48. Light rain.

**LOCAL NEWS NOTES**

News of Parties, Visiting Soldiers, Other Visitors, Weddings, Deaths, Accidents, Etc., gratefully received by the Dispatch. Telephone Northwest 74.

For Spring Water phone 264. S. Zwigot of St. Paul was in the city today.

Ed J. Daly of Aitkin was in Brainerd Saturday.

Vincent Torba of Superior, Wis., was in the city today.

The funeral of Dr. C. F. Morell was held in Verdale this afternoon.

Money to loan on city real estate. J. H. Krekelberg. 74tf

The Misses Beth Rich and Minnie Runge went to Little Falls this afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Melvin Bloomstrom went to Jenkins yesterday for a week end visit.

A. W. Nylund went to Deerwood yesterday where he has work as a carpenter.

For bargains in houses and lots, see J. R. Smith-Sleeper Block. 226tf

Fred Drexler went to Nary this afternoon to look after work on his farm there.

The remains of Mrs. Margaret Torba, wife of Joseph Torba, were sent this afternoon to Amery, Wis., for burial.

Miss Ottelia Keough, guest of her mother, brother and sisters the past week, returned this afternoon to St. Paul.

The Misses Kittle and May Johnson went to St. Cloud today to visit their sister, Mrs. Werner Hemstead over Sunday.

Crystal Spring Water, \$1.00 month. L. Bourassa, Telephone 13. 541m

George D. LaBar, president of the First National bank, who suffered from a cold, is back again at work at his desk. "Too busy to stay sick," said Mr. LaBar.

Louis Clark died at Askov and the remains have been sent to Brainerd for burial and are now at B. C. McNamara's chapel. The funeral will be held on Monday.

Milk and cream sold at Ericsson Bakery. 122tf

Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Trayner, newlyweds of St. Paul, guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Hugo Schwartzkopf, returned this afternoon to their home.

Special Officer E. G. Boyd and J. J. Crowell have returned from Ferguson Falls where they were witnesses for the government in cases charging liquor law violations.

Pay day advertising was well taken advantage of in the Dispatch on

Thursday and Friday. The thrifty housewife found many bargains and some continue Saturday too.

Give your liberty bonds as pledges. Do you think that the boys have given as much?

Miss Louise Nielsen, former manager of the Western Union, returns on Sunday to her home in Minneapolis. She made many friends in Brainerd who will regret to see her leave.

Mrs. Jack Boyle, formerly Miss Grace Twohey, a Brainerd school teacher, died of Spanish influenza in Mandan, N. D. She leaves a husband and child, both very sick with influenza.

Alfred B. Adamson, of Fond du Lac, Wis., a cousin of Mrs. R. J. Hartley, who visited here last fall several days and made many acquaintances, died yesterday of Spanish influenza, according to information received by Mrs. Hartley.

Harvey Seipp went to Eveleth yesterday where he has secured a position. His sister, Miss Myrtle Seipp, is stenographer of the First National bank. Both are children of Mr. and Mrs. Martin Seipp of Neutral and the making their mark in the business world.

Photos from ANDERSON'S STUDIO make splendid Christmas gifts.

**DIES FOR COUNTRY**

Edward Keeley, Formerly of Brainerd, Makes Supreme Sacrifice at Camp Cody, N. M.

(Staples World)

Another Staples boy has given up his life for the sake of preserving justice and the rights of humanity throughout the world. While he did not perish on the battlefield, he deserves all the honor of those who have, for he was preparing himself to serve the cause to which he had dedicated his all, when death took him.

Edward Excivere Keeley was born June 15, 1892 at Detroit, Minnesota, where he lived until he was a year old, coming from there to Staples with his parents. He grew to young manhood in this city and learned the jeweler's trade. During the past few years he has been employed as a jeweler at Staples, Brainerd, LaMoure, and Mammoth, N. D., and at Aberdeen, S. D., leaving the last named place to enter the military service from Brainerd, October 22, 1918. He was sent to Camp Cody at Deming, N. M., where he died November 4, 1918.

He was married on the 11th of September, 1915, to Miss Eva Woodley, who together with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Keeley, three sisters, Mrs. George McCulloch, and Miss Grace Keeley of Staples, Mrs. Maurice Dickinson of Verdale, and two brothers, George of Miles City and Frank of Staples, remain to mourn his untimely death.

Public funeral services were held at the home of his father and mother, Tuesday afternoon, Rev. F. L. Erlougher officiating. Interment was made in Evergreen Hill cemetery.

A beautiful flag covered the casket wherein rested the remains of the young soldier who had given his life in the service of his country. There were quantities of lovely flowers presented the family by their friends as a testimonial of their respect to the dead and of their deep sympathy to the bereaved family. Two of the most beautiful emblems were the American flag in flowers given by the N. P. yard office and switch men and the service flag, also made of flowers, given by the employees at the depot.

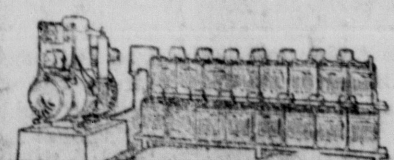
Those who remain to mourn the death of the husband, son and brother have the heartfelt sympathy of all in their grief.

**To Find Work for Soldiers.**

Chicago, Nov. 16.—Utilization of draft boards for "inducting" returning soldiers into work was urged here by members of the 86 Chicago boards. The Chicago plan will be referred to authorities in Washington. H. H. Merriek, of the State Council of Defense, in endorsing the idea, pointed to the fact that the questionnaires make as complete a survey as could be obtained. "Our boys should be demobilized as near as possible to their homes," said Mr. Merriek. "They ought to be in the hands of friends."

**DELCO-LIGHT**

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New Location, 7th and Front  
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# Stylish Coats and Suits



**==Its a Printzess==**

That's all you need to know about a Coat or Suit.

Printzess Garments are sold only at

**Murphy's**  
THE STORE OF QUALITY

**Can I Be**

**Cured?**

How often have you heard that sad cry from the victims of disease. Perhaps the disorder has gone too far for help, but oftener it is just in its stages and the pains and aches are only nature's first cries for help. Do not despair. Find out the cause and give nature all the help you can and she will repay you with health. Look after the kidneys. The kidneys are the most overworked organs of the human body, and when they fail in their work of filtering and throwing off the poison that constantly accumulates in the system, everything goes wrong. GOLD MEDAL Haarm Oil Capsules will give almost immediate relief from kidney and bladder troubles and their kindred ailments. They will free your body from pain in short order. But be sure to get GOLD MEDAL. Look for the name on every box. In three sizes, sealed packages. Money refunded if they do not help you.

**Prideaux & Roller**

Auto Supplies,  
Repairing and  
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## PLUMBING

## Stoves and Ranges

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The Store of Dependable Hardware  
N. W. 104 T. S. 332



## A Good Rule

THE average person who lays by some of his income or comes into possession of a sum of money is often perplexed as to the best plan of investing his funds.

First, he wants safety. Then, he wants his money where he can get it if necessary; and he wants the best rate consistent with security.

Here is a good rule to follow: Funds which you may want to use in a short time should never be tied up in securities which will not mature for a long time, or which cannot be converted quickly into cash.

A Savings Account with this bank offers an ideal method for the investment and accumulation of funds.

A Savings Account here never slumps in value. It is always worth par, and if money is left to interest dates, par and accrued interest. The investor's money is under his own control. There is no element of speculation in this form of investment.

Does not a Savings Account with this strong bank appeal to you as an investment?



**FIRST NATIONAL BANK**  
BRAINERD, MINN.  
INTEREST PAID ON TIME AND SAVINGS DEPOSITS

**WM. CLARK ROWLEY**

Aged 88, Father of C. B. Rowley, Passed Away in Brainerd—Remains to be Sent to Iowa

William Clark Rowley, age 88, passed away at the home of his son and daughter-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Rowley this morning. He was born July 11, 1830, in Rensselaer county, New York and came to Illinois at the age of 26. He later removed to Humboldt, Iowa, where he was engaged in farming and forty years a veterinarian.

He was married to Miss Rachel Simmons of Aurora, Ill., and they are survived by two sons, Charles B. Rowley of Brainerd and F. B. Rowley of Fort Dodge, Iowa. A brother, Enoch Rowley, lives in DeKalb county, Illinois.

Annually the past twelve years Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Clark Rowley have visited their son and daughter-in-law in Brainerd and spent the winters here. He had been ailing for some time from the complications of old age and so the end was not unexpected. His wife was at his bedside as he passed away.

The remains will be sent to Iowa on Sunday by way of Staples and the funeral is to be held in Humboldt about Tuesday.

The sympathy of the community is extended the bereaved family.

DISPATCH AUS PAY



Uncle Sam sends out the call: 3,000,000 boys are waiting for your answer.



## WOMAN'S REALM

### CHANGE IN THE SUGAR REGULATION

With the signing of the armistice the world's sugar situation has been improved and additional allotments will be made.

Industries in Classes A and B will be given an additional allotment of 50 per cent over the monthly average as shown in Items 17, 18 and 19 on Statement A. In other words, the December allotment will be doubled.

No changes in Class B which received its full requirements.

Classes C and E will not be changed for the present, but effective December 1st, the per capita consumption for home allowance is changed to four pounds, and the certificate basis for December on Statement C will be four pounds for each ninety meals. We shall endeavor to get the December certificates on Statement A and D at once. Certificates on Statements C and E will be sent as soon as possible after the 20th of November. The War Industries Regulations governing the manufacture of soft drinks and carbonic gas have been rescinded.

For curing home butchered hogs, farmers will be allowed the necessary sugar on application. Sugar so desired should be requested on Statement B.

Yours truly,

A. E. BERGLUND,  
County Food Administrator.

### BAČKACHE IS A WARNING

Brainerd People Should Not Neglect Their Kidneys

Backache is often nature's most frequent signal of weakened kidneys. To relieve the pains and aches to remove the lameness when it arises from weakened kidneys, you must reach the cause—the kidneys. If you have pain through the small of your back, urinary disorders, headaches, dizzy spells, or are nervous and depressed, start treating the kidneys with a tested kidney remedy.

Doan's Kidney Pills have been proved good and are especially for weak kidneys. Doan's have been used in kidney trouble for over 50 years. Here is convincing proof of merit. It comes from this locality.

T. C. Hallstead, farmer, Star Route, Garrison, Minn., says: "I took Doan's Kidney Pills for lameness in my back and I am pleased to say they did me a world of good and cured me of my trouble."

Price 60c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Hallstead had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgs., Buffalo, N. Y.

### Jerusalem Gets Water.

For the first time since the days of Herod, Jerusalem has a good supply of pure water, the British having provided it in the first year of their occupation. The city has relied for its supply on rain water which flowed into underground cisterns at almost every house. These were found in bad repair and most of them needed cleaning. The water from near Solomon's Pool was led by the Romans through an aqueduct, but this was not nearly enough, and under the Turks it was divided to the Mosque of Omar and the city of Bethlehem. The British found some springs and have raised the water from them to the top of a hill, whence it flows by gravity through a new pipeline into the city. Standpipes were placed on the streets, and the cisterns are filled on condition that they are first cleaned and repaired. Water consumption has increased tenfold, cholera has been exterminated and the health of the city is pronounced wonderfully good.

## Eagle Provision Co.

612 Laurel St.

A FEW OF OUR REGULAR EVERY-DAY LOW PRICES.

Hand Picked Navy Beans, lb.	11c
Picnic Hams, lb.	27c
Kellogg's Corn Flakes, 2 pkgs.	25c
Baker's Chocolate, 1/2 lb. cake.	19c
Calumet Baking Powder, 10 lb. can, per lb.	17c
Snow Drift or Socco, 5 lbs. per lb.	27c
Macaroni or Spaghetti, 3 pkgs.	25c
Arm & Hammer Soda, pkg.	7c
Sweet Potatoes, 5 lbs.	25c
Dill Pickles, per doz.	28c
Spider's Catsup, large bottle.	30c
Jonathan, Winesap, Ben Davis Apples, 10 lbs 75c. box.	\$2.75
Swift's Arrow Borax Soap.	6c
T. & G. or Fels Naptha Soap.	7c

YOU GET EVERYTHING FOR LESS ALL THE TIME AT THE

Eagle Provision Co.

### BRAINERD STORK

Blamed for Crediting Pillager Births at Brainerd Hospitals to Brainerd Records

(Pillager Herald)  
About 90 per cent of the Pillager births are credited to Brainerd, as the stork takes them there to be born, and Cass county loses a good part of its population thereby on the paper records that Crow Wing county is credited with through the discrimination of the stork in Brainerd's favor.

### VON FALKENHAUSEN RESIGNS

German Governor General of Belgium Tired of His Job.

Ghent, Nov. 15.—Brussels has shaken itself of the German yoke. German soldiers themselves are removing the shackles of the long suffering population. The red flag floats over the headquarters of the German commandant, and the officers have been disarmed.

General von Falkenhausen, the German governor general of Belgium, has resigned.

### CHARLES' REQUEST REFUSED

Former Austrian Emperor Desired to Remain in Vienna.

London, Nov. 15.—Vienna newspapers announce that the German-Austrian republic will be proclaimed, and that Emperor Charles' request to be permitted to reside in Vienna as a private citizen has been refused, according to an Amsterdam dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company.

### SCHEIDEMANN FOR CHAIRMAN

Socialist Leader May Head German Peace Delegation.

Paris, Nov. 15.—Philipp Scheidemann, German majority Socialist leader, probably will head the German delegates to the peace conference, according to a Zurich dispatch to the L'Information.

### Fatal Accident on Transport.

New York, Nov. 15.—One man was killed and several members of the crew were badly scalded when a big steam pipe in the hold of the U. S. transport Louisville, moored at Pier 62 in North river, blew up. The police could give no details of the explosion or the names of the dead and injured. The Louisville was formerly the steamship St. Louis of the American line. Several months ago a similar explosion occurred aboard this ship, which resulted in injury to six members of the crew.

### Air-Service Dress.

Air-service officers must wear regulation dress or become subject to disciplinary action.

An order to this effect has been sent from air service headquarters to the various air sections and stations. It has been inspired by the practice, adopted by some air service officers of wearing split coats, bellows pockets and roll collars, which may be comfortable but are not regulation.

When a squadron commander recently lined up all his flyers for an unexpected and unheralded inspection, a lot of them looked nice but were not gassed as it is written in the manual.

"M-m-mum," mused the squadron chief. "You—and you—and you—you—step forward one pace."

"I don't suppose you can fix the pockets yourselves," continued the major. "And I don't suppose you can fix the collars, either. But you can fix those splits in the back. Go to your quarters and sew them up."—Paris Stars and Stripes.

### German Idea of Justice.

"The pigeons in Belgium," says Brand Whitlock in Everybody's for September, "had almost as hard a time of it as the people themselves. At Nivelles a poor man had some carrier pigeons and the Belgian's love for them. But he had no food for them and so was obliged to kill them. His children cut off their heads and ranged them along a window sill, and underneath wrote: 'Died for their country.' The Germans saw the little heads and the inscription and the man was sent for 15 days to the Kommandantur and fined 200 francs."

### Not Guilty.

Lawyer—I suppose you fellows are forever trying to produce artificial life?

Chemist—Heaven forbid! We leave that to the white-light restaurants.—Buffalo Express.

### Catarrah Cannot be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrah is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions, and in order to cure it you must take an internal remedy. Hall's Catarrah Medicine is taken internally and acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Hall's Catarrah Medicine was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years. It is composed of some of the best tonics known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in Hall's Catarrah Medicine is what produces such wonderful results in catarrah conditions. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O. All Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

## JOHN MAHLUM IN LETTER FROM FRANCE

Brainerd Man, Son of Mons Mahlum, a Sergeant in Headquarters First Army

### IS STATIONED AT THE FRONT

Austrian Prisoners Glad to Exchange Iron Crosses for Bull Durham Tobacco

In a letter to his father, Mons Mahlum, Sergeant John Mahlum gives experiences at the front as follows:

Somewhere in France, Sept. 21st, 1918.

Dearest Dad: Finding no ink available, I will have to avail myself of the use of the machine. I have been intending to sit down and write you an extensive letter for many days but each day it is the same old story of work and yet more work and what letters we write are necessarily short and incoherent. Do not be disappointed if you do not receive long letters from me, for we are kept more than busy for fifteen hours a day.

It is just about three months now since we sailed from the good old U. S. A.—it is hard to realize that we have been over here that long for we are so busy that the days slide quickly and softly away and we have very little conception of days, weeks or months. No doubt when cold weather settles down on us, however, we will commence to feel the time drag and wonder and hope for the day we shall set sail again for the states.

Of course, you were all deeply interested in the recent and successful offensive carried out by the 1st Army. Being a small part of the 1st Army and pretty well posted on what was going on, I was especially interested and we surely were happy to hear the reports come in announcing the brilliant success of this initial offensive by the 1st Army. Last Saturday and Sunday more than three thousand prisoners were delivered to the prisoner camp in this little town in which we are at present stationed. It was the advance guard of the many prisoners captured in the St. Mihiel sector. The prisoners consisted of about two thousand Germans and the balance Austrians. The whole lot presented a sorry spectacle. They had marched a considerable distance and had just taken part in the fighting at St. Mihiel. A few of them were wounded and wore the first aid bandages, some of them were apparently quite severely injured. The whole outfit looked terrible but the Austrians beguiled all description. They were the weakest, frailest, skinniest lot of soldiers you could ever hope to see. Their ages ranged from fifteen to fifty. A good share of them were mere kids and as they marched or rather dragged by us I could not help but feel how easy it would be for the average American soldier to bust a half a dozen of these weaklings with his bare hands.

Later on we went down by the prisoner cage to see them. Incarcerated. The prison cage consists of a couple of acres inclosed by barbed wire some twelve feet high. The inclosure is divided into sections, each section holding a few hundred prisoners. They try and divide the prisoners in such a way that the men who have been in the same battalion or company will be together. The enlisted men have no barracks or shelter except the small pup tents while the officers are housed in frame barracks. During the first few nights it rained and it must have been a bit tough on the men outside but when asked if they were uncomfortable they said "No, we can keep a fire going during the night and sleep when the warm sun comes out during the day." The camp here is only a temporary camp and in a short time they will be sent back to the Supply Depots and put to work.

When we came near the cages the prisoners indicated that they wanted tobacco and offered souvenirs in the shape of German coins, buttons, pins and even iron crosses in exchange for the same. Some French kids furnished them a few smokes and obtained the souvenirs and we managed to get a few such articles from the kids. You can imagine how much they must value their hard earned iron crosses when they are willing to exchange them for a sack of Bull Durham.

When examined, the prisoners all expressed satisfaction with their present status and said they were confident that the generous Americans would treat them kindly. Most of them claimed that they had been deceived by the German authorities and that they had lost confidence in their ability and sincerity. One of the most interesting prisoners examined was a member of the Prussian Guard. He responded freely to questions propounded and gave the intelligence section some information that will be valuable. He said that after the war he intended to go to New York and one of the boys told him that he would be unwise to land in New York for many years to come because of the prejudice and hatred growing out of the war. He replied, "Oh, no, the Americans are good sports and will soon forget and forgive."

I also saw about thirty of the German officers captured. They looked very much the part of the bigoted Boche officers that I had long pictured in my fancies. They were well dressed and well kept and as one studied their faces it was easy to read their thoughts. They were humiliated and hurt to think that they, German officers, should be subjected to the stare and ridicule of the French peasants and the lowly American privates. Some of them wore smart curled mustaches, a la Kaiser Bill himself, and most of their faces were the cold, mean, pitiless type and it surely filled my heart with cheer to see these brutes moved

## TO AVOID AND RELIEVE INFLUENZA

BY DR. FRANKLIN DUANE

Many people have been frightened by what they have read or heard of influenza. The more you fear the disease, the surer you are to get it. Go right about your business and forget it. As the disease is spread principally by contact thru sneezing, coughing or spitting, many health authorities have advised that everyone wear a gauze, which is daily washed and saturated with a one to five hundred solution of zinc sulphate over the nose and mouth. You should avoid crowds, common drinking cups and public towels. Keep your strength up by taking lots of exercise in the open air and plenty of nourishing food.

If you have any of such symptoms as chilliness, nasal obstructions, flushed face, headache, feverishness, restlessness, weakness, or irritating cough, give up work at once and go to bed. This will save your strength to help overcome the disease. Put your feet in hot water for fifteen minutes. Thoroughly loosen the bowels with some such mild and non-irritating physic as Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. Drink principally hot lemonade and then cover up with plenty of clothes in bed so as to get a good sweat. When sweating is free and the fever reduced take a dose of two Anuric Tablets every four hours, followed by drinking at least a glass or two of hot water. Anuric Tablets help quickly to relieve the soreness of the muscles and bones from which most patients complain and help the kidneys push out the poisons.

To relieve nasal obstructions and excessive discharge from the nose, probably nothing is better than such a mild, soothing, antiseptic wash as Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. It will give great relief. Employed as a gargle, in same strength as made up for use in the nose, and as hot as can be borne, it quickly arrests soreness and dries up the throat.

Influenza weakens the patient's resistance to disease, so that there is danger of bronchitis and pneumonia developing. To combat this tendency and fortify the patient's strength insist that he keep in bed at least two days. Probably nothing will at this stage hasten the recovery and strengthen the patient more than an iron tonic tablet called "Irontic" or that well known herbal tonic, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which has been used by thousands in the past two generations.—Adv.

about at the point of a Yankee bayonet and could not help but wish that it were I who had the bayonet instead of the guard. For the major privates one could not but feel sorry for after all they are not to blame but for the German officers I entertain naught but the basest contempt and scorn. It is their class that stands primarily responsible for the war and the records show that most of the inhuman atrocities of this awful war were committed, not by the humble privates but by these same scheming and contemptible officers.

So much for the Boche prisoners. The war from the Allied standpoint is progressing most satisfactorily these days. It would be almost too sanguine to hope that we could end it by Xmas but it is no unfair speculation to say that it is only a matter of time until we overwhelm the Boche and then tell him what we want by the way of peace terms. The St. Mihiel victory accomplished much for the Allies. It demonstrated anew the intrepidity and ability of the Yanks to not only furnish resources but talented fighting power as well. Then too, it worked wonders for the morale of the French. I happened to see a long convoy of French trucks the evening the news of the St. Mihiel victory was announced and it was an inspiration to see and hear them cheer the Yanks. I have heard it said that never before during the war have the French enjoyed such good morale among both civilians and soldiers and they are now determined to fight it out until the Boche domination and dominion is forever doomed. Oh, how the French do curse the Boche. The youngest child who can only lip is taught "Boche-pas-bon" (no good), and the grownups never cease to dam the Boche, the blackest curse that has so long been heaving over them. At last, the day of reckoning is in sight for the Boche and the French polius never misses an opportunity to tell what they are going to do to him; for France it must be the right to live free and undisturbed from the threat of the Boche or fight as they say—until their country is drained by rivers of blood. Today the rainbow of victory is before them and a more enthusiastic and determined people is nowhere to be found.

After living among the French for a few months one cannot help but admire their simple and easy-going ways. To we Americans they appear hopelessly old fashioned and we at once wonder how they could have withstood the Huns for over four years of awful war. They are as resourceful as they are easy going, however, and when the integrity of their beloved France is jeopardized they can accomplish the insuperable. One of the most beautiful customs of France is their hospitality and cordially to strangers. No matter where you meet a Frenchman it is always "Bonjour Monsieur." They are always effusively polite and we Americans have a great deal to learn from these people in the realm of hospitality.

The Frenchman's habitation, like himself, is open and cheerful and everyone seems anxious to serve you. I have visited in some of the very best families and stopped to chat with the washerwoman and in every house you find the same good-natured hospitality and the more I see of their simple life the more I am impressed with the beauty of it.

Not long ago a pal and myself happened to be going by the Cathedral just as a wedding ceremony was to



## One Cold Each Year

Just one cold each year and that because of carelessness. If you head off your cold you can quickly eradicate it. If you are well provided with Our Cold Remedy and take it in time, you need not have the second cold. Better get a box to-day.

WE SELL THRIFT STAMPS



"To have given these institutions so great a development is worthy of the American people who thus illustrate again that in their genius a sense of the ideal is admirably combined with an essentially practical mind."

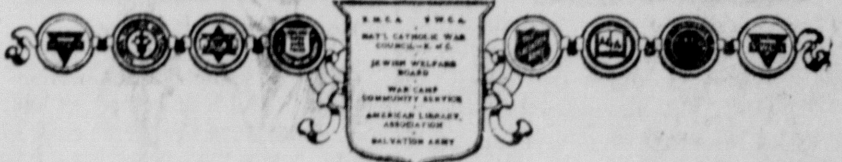
King Victor Emanuel of Italy.

## UNITED WAR WORK CAMPAIGN



SUPPOSE you had been a week in the trenches—can you imagine what it would mean to you to come out and run into a full-fledged good old American baseball game? The shipments of baseballs sent to France would make a line more than two miles long if they were laid side by side. The athletic orders placed by the war work agencies are the largest in the history of sport. Keep the boys' spirits high and they will tend to the Kaiser. Get behind the

## UNITED WAR WORK CAMPAIGN



Your loving son,  
JOHN,  
Sergeant John M. Mahlum,  
Headquarters, 1st Army,  
Am. Ex. Forces, G-1, France.

Monopolizes It Herself.  
It sometimes happens that a married man has a great deal to say, but his wife won't let him say it.

## If You Get a "KIMBALL" You Get a GOOD One.

### HE'S COMING BACK

To get the home atmosphere right for the returning soldier you will need lots of music. Why not, this Christmas present the family with a

### KIMBALL PHONOGRAPH

and a choice assortment of records. The old song and the new war-time songs will rejoice his heart when he does come back.

THE HOUSE OF SERVICE  
New Location, 710 Laurel St.

## HALL MUSIC HOUSE



"I WANT TO SEE THE LADY COME OUT!"



THE BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH

By Ingersoll & Wieland

**SUBSCRIPTION RATES**  
One Month, by carrier ..... \$1.50  
Three Months, by carrier ..... \$4.50  
One Year, by carrier ..... \$15.00  
One Year, by mail, outside city ..... \$16.00

Weekly Dispatch, per year ..... \$1.50  
All subscriptions payable in advance

Advertising Rates Made Known on Application

Office in Dispatch Building, Sixth St. So.

Entered at the post office at Brainerd, Minn., as second class matter

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1918



Swanson  
★  
Army

Brosnan  
★  
Navy

OUR PROPOSED TAX RATE

The Finance Committee of the Charter Commission, before framing the various financial amendments, proceeded to get reports from city officials showing the expenses of the city during the past year and also several preceding years, and to make calculations for the future, embodying funds for permanently improving our streets and paying actual cost for water and light. These items were listed in dollars and cents and then in determining the tax rate it was necessary to have a basis of calculation which was the 1917 assessed valuation of \$2,754,944 and on this valuation a tentative tax rate was established. It being understood by the committee that the valuation for 1918 would be about \$2,975,000 which is however high and undoubtedly will be at no distant date reduced to \$2,700,000 by the State Tax Commission, who have already threatened to reduce it but on account of our tax rate being so low and our financial condition so desperate it has thus far been allowed to stand. Assuming however that we carry our proposed tax rate, then so much the better by having our valuation reduced from \$2,975,000 to \$2,700,000 from a point of actual taxes that a property owner would pay. On this basis of \$2,700,000 the revenue derived would be slightly less than estimated in the earlier figures but in reality minimum figures used in finally determining the rate which the committee and commission unanimously agreed upon being a maximum of TWENTY MILLS, of which three mills is to be used in a permanent street rebuilding plan and three mills to be used in paying the actual cost for water and light, two most important items which have been necessarily wholly neglected for several years. Deducting these from the twenty mills leaves only three and one-half mills more than the rate that you are now paying which is ten and one-half mills. Surely this raise is not excessive or unnecessary and during the coming week tabulated figures will be presented showing the plan even more clearly.

VALUE OF NEWSPAPER PUBLICITY

Editor Dispatch:

The campaign just closed is a conspicuous example of the value and effectiveness of newspaper publicity in politics, state and local. Twenty years ago newspaper publicity was of but little value in politics. But times have changed. Today few intelligent voters will be misled or even swayed by the blare of brass bands, torchlight procession or political speakers touring the state or county at so much per. The average voter is interested in the candidate's record and his ability to properly fulfill the duties of the office to which he aspires. In these days of general newspaper reading there is no medium of publicity that is so far-reaching and effective as newspaper publicity. The man who fearlessly, truthfully, and without selfish motive lays bare the record of either weaklings or incompetents in office through newspaper publicity, plays the winning cards.

C. A. KRECH,  
Route 5, Brainerd.

PEOPLE WANT WAR ENDED THIS TIME

OVERPOWERING DEMAND THAT GERMANY BE MADE UNABLE TO START ANOTHER.

CHAMP CLARK DISAPPOINTED

His Ambition Was to Break Record by Being Speaker More Than Four Successive Times—Sufrage Ignored in Election.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.  
Washington.—From all parts of the country, according to letters received in the national capital, and according to returned travelers who have been over different parts of the United States, there is one strong and overpowering demand, which is that the Germans be placed where they can never precipitate another world war. The tenor of all these communications is to the effect that, "We want this to be the last great war; we want our boys that are over in France, Belgium and Italy to settle this for all time." One of the most positive declarations was made by a woman, according to a returned traveler, who driving up to the post office in a small town in the far West, inquired as to the progress of the peace negotiations, and said: "I have a boy, nineteen, who enlisted and is over there fighting now. I want him to settle it, rather than to have that boy, pointing to a boy about seven years old, 'have to go over there when he gets old enough, and fight it out again.'" According to all these reports the general sentiment of the United States is that the Huns should be put, not only under bonds, but in such an actual condition as to make it impossible for them again to drench the world in blood.

Events intervened to prevent Champ Clark from realizing his great ambition. He wanted to be the one man who was elected speaker of the house of representatives for more than four successive times. There have been only three men who were elected speaker for four successive times. One was Stevenson of Virginia and the other two were Cannon of Illinois and Clark of Missouri. Henry Clay was elected six times, but not successfully and then serving only short periods.

In all probability the woman suffrage amendment will be passed in the next congress, if it is not passed by the senate before this congress adjourns. This is not because different senators in one state or another have been successful, for it would probably have followed, no matter which party had won the fight. It is also a fact that suffrage or anti-suffrage cut no figure in the elections. The only prominent anti-suffragist that was defeated was Weeks of Massachusetts, while Baird was elected in New Jersey, Saulsbury, an anti-suffragist, was defeated in Delaware, while Folk, a suffragist, was defeated in Missouri. It is evident that the election was fought on party lines, and such issues as suffrage and even prohibition had little to do with the success or defeat of different candidates.

A committee composed of members of a number of farming organizations recommended to President Wilson that the draft law be applied to farm workers who are not continuously employed in some agricultural pursuit. Under this arrangement, after a farmer had done all that was required on his own farm (if that ever happens) he could be ordered by a draft board to go over and help some neighbor who was behind in his work. As a compensation for this he would be given a badge. The president declined to make use of this idea, but gave his approval to a proposition for enrolling the farmers into an organization to do such work voluntarily.

Quite a number of American boys who have had a more or less hazy idea that kings were the worst class of people on earth, may come back from Europe after the war with a different view on that subject. King George of England seems to be making himself solid with the Yanks. He has eaten "flapjacks" and apple pie and chatted with many number of wounded soldiers at hospitals in England. That is one of the great benefits to be got from this war. There is not a man who comes back from Europe who will not have gained a clearer and truer view of other peoples. Whether or not it has any good points, no one can deny that war is a great educator.

Secretary of Commerce Redfield was so pleased with the showing made by his department in the fourth Liberty loan that he issued a circular congratulating employees of the department. The total amount they subscribed to all four loans was in the neighborhood of \$2,600,000. In Mr. Redfield's letter he also called attention to the fact that 1,824 former employees of the department are serving with the United States forces.

**Pneumonia—Not Ammonia.**  
The negro driver of an ice wagon swung 50 pounds of ice, which was covered with an unusual coat of frost, into the chest of a home in Indianapolis. "What causes the thick coat of frost?" inquired the housewife. "Well, I 'spect they got too much pneumonia in it at the factory," he replied.

ANSWER IS SENT TO GERMAN NOTE

Secretary Lansing Replies to Appeal for an Early Peace Conference.

MUST ADDRESS ALLIES

Secretary of State Calls Attention of German Government That Its Wishes Should Be Sent to Other Powers.

Washington, Nov. 16.—Secretary of State Lansing states that he has acknowledged receipt of the message of Dr. Solf asking for a hastening of the peace convention, in view of threatened famine in Germany, and had requested that the Germans not confine their appeals to the United States alone, but address them also to the Allied governments.

**Fee Pleads for Haste.**

Berlin, Nov. 16.—The new German government has sent a message to President Wilson appealing to him. "In order to save the German people from perishing by starvation and anarchy," to send plenipotentiaries as quickly as possible to The Hague or some other city.

**Fail to Publish Allied Food Pledge.**

Copenhagen, Nov. 16.—The Politiken here quoted Colonel Wade as saying in an interview that the Germans in publishing the terms of the armistice omitted six or seven articles, including that relating to the Allies providing food if necessary.

**Belgian Capital Awaits Liberators.**

Ghent, Nov. 16.—There is no organized authority yet in Brussels, but with comparative calm and dignity the Belgian capital awaits the coming of the armies of liberation.

Three delegates from the "republic of Hamburg" arrived at Brussels. Standing on a balcony the military commander of the city addressed a crowd of 3,000 soldiers and civilians. "Three million Germans have been killed during the war," he said. "That is sufficient; let us have peace."

COURTMARTIAL IS ORDERED

French Will Try Certain German Officers for Atrocities.

Paris, Nov. 16.—As a result of investigation made in Lille and the region of the Department of the North, precise charges have been made out against German officers guilty of having ordered or of having themselves committed shocking crimes.

In the presence of evidence that has been revealed by a commission of inquiry, the under-secretary of state at the Ministry of Justice has ordered that criminal proceedings be instituted at once against the German officers in question.

MENACE TO ENTIRE WORLD

Russia Held As Warning to Capital and Labor.

Chicago, Nov. 16.—The Most Rev. F. W. Keating, lord bishop of Northampton, Eng., and Mr. Arthur Staples, bishop of Oxford, Eng., are in Chicago, speaking of the world war. Bishop Keating said:

"The Bolsheviks have been the most ominous and alarming movement in modern history. Russia is a warning to both capital and labor, to capital, that no labor no longer will tolerate the injustices of the past; to labor, that its power improperly used will lead to national ruin."

SERIOUS RIOTS IN WARSAW

British Authorities Fear Polish Trouble Will Spread.

London, Nov. 16.—The British foreign office has issued a statement saying:

"Reports of a pogrom at Warsaw have reached the government. Should these reports prove true it would point to a serious situation because forces of violence and disorder already threatening the life of every population between the Rhine and the Volga would be encouraged."

PEOPLE SHOW APPRECIATION

Germans Pleased at Prospects of Receiving Food.

Berlin, Nov. 16.—The following message has been forwarded to Secretary of State Lansing:

"The German government and the German people have gratefully taken cognizance of the fact that the President of the United States is ready to consider favorably the sending of food to Germany."

**Former Gotham Mayor Dies.**

Paris, Nov. 16.—Robert A. Van Wyck, former mayor of New York city, is dead here.

**Two Face Election Contests.**

Washington, Nov. 16.—Contests of the election of two Republican senators, Truman H. Newberry of Michigan, and George H. Moses of New Hampshire, were forecast in proceedings before the Senate privileges and elections committee. Protests against the seating of both, elected on the face of the returns, were received by the committee which deferred action. On the face of returns, Newberry was elected over Henry Ford, the Democratic candidate, and Moses over John B. Jameson, Democrat.



Into the Valley of the Shadow

UNDER the candles of the village church the American wounded lie in close even rows. Straight down to the door they are packed together. Outside an ambulance arrives, and deftly, quietly, the Soldiers of Cheer slip out to help the Army's litter-bearers lift out the wounded and carry them into the yard or the church or the school—wherever there is room.

Why you should give twice as much as you ever gave before!

The need is for a sum 70% greater than any gift ever asked for since the war began. The Government has fixed this sum at \$170,500,000.

By giving to these seven organizations all at once, the cost and effort of six additional campaigns is saved.

Unless Americans do give twice as much as ever before, our soldiers and sailors may not enjoy during 1919 their

- 3600 Recreation Buildings
- 1000 Miles of Movie Film
- 100 Leading Stage Stars
- 2000 Athletic Directors
- 2500 Libraries supplying 5,000,000 books
- 85 Hostess Houses
- 15,000 Big-brother "secretaries"
- Millions of dollars of home comforts

When you give double, you make sure that every fighter has the cheer and comforts of these seven organizations every step of the way from home to the front and back again. You provide him with a church, a theatre, a cheerful home, a store, a school, a club and an athletic field—and a knowledge that the folks back home are with him, heart and soul!

You have loaned your money to supply their physical needs.

Now give to maintain the Morale that is winning the war!

The ambulance whirs off again along the shell-torn road, and still these messengers of friendliness pass in and out among the soldiers—holding cups of steaming chocolate to their lips, giving them lighted cigarettes, shifting their positions.

From one corner a boy's voice calls out:

"I got it pretty bad. Will you send home a message for me?"

A friendly face bends over him. He whispers his mother's name and her address. He asks that she be told where he was struck and how.

"Is there anything else?" asks the man above him. He hesitates a moment. Then, so softly that the older man can barely hear, he murmurs a girl's name, and dies.

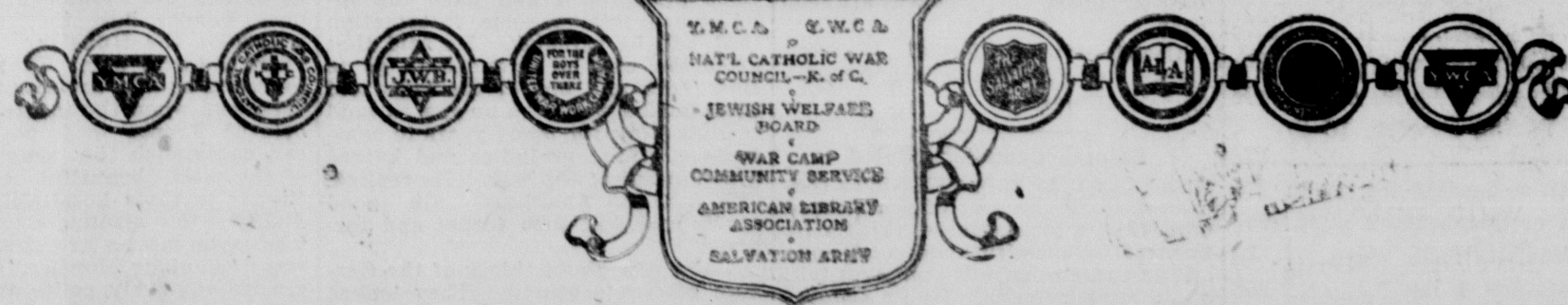
To be there when a wounded soldier needs them, is a privilege which comes to your representatives in the seven war work organizations. After every push, when the field hospitals are full to overflowing, there are calls for every available worker in the area.

They come from miles around, after their day's work is over at their own huts and canteens. And then through all the night they help the wounded fight their battles.

The grief of many a mother or a wife or sister here at home has been made easier by the letters which these men have written there beside the stretchers.

Keep the Soldiers of Cheer on the job—the 7,000 who are there already and the 1,000 a month for whom Pershing calls.

UNITED WAR WORK CAMPAIGN



In Minnesota the quota for War Savings Stamps is \$47,000,000. Let's buy more than our share.

We have a chance now, such as we never had before, to show whether we know a good thing when we see it.



# NEW CREAMERY'S SPLENDID RECORD

The Brainerd Cooperative Creamery  
Does \$3561 Worth of Business  
in Month of October

BUTTER FAT PRICE PAID 62c

Showing Made Especially Good When  
Considered Creamery Opened  
in Fall of the Year

The report of the Brainerd Cooperative Creamery Association for the month of October, shows that they did \$3561.00 worth of business. The average price paid patrons for butterfat was 62c per pound.

Considering the fact that the creamery opened in the fall of the year, when there is not much cream produced, this is considered to be a remarkably good showing for the first month. There are those who did not believe it possible for the creamery to operate successfully, starting up in the fall of the year, but the farmers have answered this, not only by paying a better price than had been anticipated, but in addition they have shown that they could bring in enough cream to justify taking out a sinking fund of \$51.41.

The Board of Directors of the Association met last Friday and checked up the affairs of the association and were highly pleased with the showing made. They were particularly gratified to know that the number of patrons had increased to 93 whereas there were only 47 the first week that the creamery was open for business.

With the showing that has been made the first month the Board of Directors believe that there is no question but that the patrons of the creamery will continue to increase in number. Several farmers do not have any cream for sale at the present time, but have expressed their determination to patronize the farmer's creamery as soon as they have any cream for sale.

Manager Peter A. Stundal and Helmer P. Hanson the buttermaker, are to be congratulated on their management of the association, and the following statement by Secretary E. E. Taylor, shows that he is keeping his records with great care.

Monthly statement of the Brainerd Cooperative Creamery association:

Pounds of butterfat received	5141
Pounds of butter made	6355
Average overrun	23.63
Pounds of milk received	1595
Butter sales (local)	\$1,473.75
Butter sales (foreign)	1,253.85
Buttermilk sales	42.53
Cream sales	9.72
Sold to patrons	29.31
Butter on hand Nov. 1st,	
1378 lbs. at 55c per lb.	757.80
Total receipts	\$3,561.03

DISBURSEMENTS	
Paid for starter milk	\$6.40
Sinking fund	51.41
Salaries of all employees	370.00
Supplies, tubs, fuel, ice, etc.	98.52
	\$3,561.03

Average price received for butter	\$ .55 32-100
Average price paid for butterfat	.62
Number of patrons delivering cream	93

## M. V. COREY DEAD

Argus, Ind., Hardware Man Owned a Summer Residence at Bay Lake, Well Known There

M. V. Corey, who owns a summer cottage at Bay Lake and has spent his summer there for the past twenty years, died at his home at Argus, Ind., on the 10th inst. Mr. Corey was secretary of the National Retail Hardware Dealers' Association, and editor of the National Hardware Bulletin. He was well known to the people of Bay Lake.

## All Mixed.

Mrs. Mix—"There was a time when you minded what I said, but now it's like water on a duck's back—in at one ear and out at the other."—London Answers.

Don't wait until your cold develops Spanish Influenza or pneumonia. Kill it quick.

**CASCARA QUININE**

Standard cold remedy for 20 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 3 days—Money back if it fails. The genuine has a Red top with Mr. Hill's picture. At All Drug Stores.

## HAIR-BREADTH ESCAPE

Dr. W. N. Morell, Father of Late Dr. C. F. Morell, Escapes Collision With Flyer (Verndale Sun)

There came near being a serious accident one night the past week when Dr. W. N. Morell returning from his rounds, drove his roadster upon the Northern Pacific tracks east of the station just as the Winnipeg Flyer whizzed through the village. The nose of the car was upon the track when the doctor discovered his predicament and in spite of his fatigue whirled the car just in time to avert the accident. It will be remembered it was under the same circumstances exactly that C. E. Smith, one of our leading citizens, was killed some three years ago. A signal bell was installed at that time but proved to be inefficient and was later removed. The rate of the trains through the village and the inability to see the track west for any distance at that point proves a great menace and perhaps after a few more serious accidents of this kind, steps may be taken to have efficient means of protection installed at that point.

## BAN CONTINUES, NO ACTION TO REMOVE IT

Meeting of Board of Health, School Board and Physicians Held at Chamber of Commerce

SOME WISH IT RAISED MONDAY At Pequot the Epidemic is Under Control and But a Dozen Cases Exist There Now

At a meeting of representatives of the board of health, school board and physicians, no action was taken on lifting the influenza ban, and public meetings, schools, church, theatre and other gatherings will continue to be prohibited.

Some wished the ban to be lifted on Monday, or else a special date set but no action was taken.

At Pequot the epidemic is well under control. No new cases have appeared for a week. Judge A. R. Holman is recovering. During the epidemic there were nine deaths, 100 cases at Pequot and vicinity. Not over a dozen cases exist there now.

Minneapolis was released from the ban today. St. Paul was under the ban some eight days or more.

The board of health took summary action Friday night and stopped young people from dancing at the Olympia Candy Kitchen. It had been the custom for some of the patrons to waltz to the music of the orchestra.

## CUYUNA RANGE DEFENSE LEAGUE PLAN, WINNER

Regularly Range People Donate to War Activities, Committee Apportions Calls Made

UNITED WAR WORK CAMPAIGN

Promptly Gave \$15,000 to the Seven Sisters Campaign, \$1000 More Than Asked For

The Cuyuna range has adopted the best plan to meet the various calls for war and now of reconstructions calls. Every man, woman and child regularly donates a quota to the league and the committee at the head, when called upon for a donation to this or that activity, apportions so much of its funds to the cause called upon.

The Dispatch quotes from the letter of L. W. Smith, secretary of the league: "At a meeting of the executive members of the Cuyuna Range Defense League held last evening, (Nov. 7), action was taken in regard to the allotment to the war fund drive.

"I stated the conversation I had with you (George A. Tracy) and after hearing what is being done to increase the county's allotment it was voted to raise our amount to \$15,000, to be paid as per schedule on the card.

"You can feel perfectly safe in reporting that this amount has been fully subscribed and will be promptly paid according to schedule."

The Cuyuna Range Defense League does away with soliciting for special funds and by collecting regularly it has funds on hand to meet emergency and other calls.

The officers are Wilbur VanEvera, chairman; E. A. Lamb, Sr., vice chairman; I. W. Smith, secretary; R. L. Hinkle, treasurer.

## 8 PATIENTS AT THE EMERGENCY HOSPITAL

Red Cross City Hospital Established in the Gardner Block Opened on Nov. 15th

DIRECTION BRAINERD CHAPTER

Four Large Wards of Compartments Have Been Arranged on the Main Floor, Etc.

The Red Cross City Hospital, established in the Gardner block, Laurel street, as an emergency measure to aid in the care of influenza patients and to guard against the spread of the epidemic by the isolation of those afflicted, was opened, to the public Friday, Nov. 15th, with two patients. Last evening, eight patients were being systematically cared for in this model institution, made possible by the co-operation of the city of Brainerd, the Red Cross and the combined energies of public-spirited men and women of the city, acting under the immediate direction of the Brainerd Chapter, American Red Cross.

## A Happy Surprise.

That the cold, cheerless hall, deserted only when the scene of social gatherings and entertainments could be converted almost like magic, into a comfortable, cheery hospital, with almost every necessity for the care of patients, seemed to many a physical impossibility but it has been done and to those in direct charge of the work, much credit is certainly due.

## Eighteen Beds

Four large wards or compartments have been arranged on the main floor of what was formerly the dance hall. Partitions of building paper, in neat wooden frames have been made, two on a side, with area way in the center. Eighteen beds, equipped with neat linen and comfortable, are ready for patients, lights have been installed, window ventilation so arranged as to insure pure air and in fact, every detail so carefully worked out as to meet with the appreciation and praise of local physicians who are giving their time to the work of caring for influenza patients.

## Offices, Kitchen, Etc.

The first room front of the entrance has been converted into a kitchen with gas range, automatic heater, dishes and general equipment. The Brainerd Gas & Electric company installed the range and heater, the hospital to pay simply for gas used and cost of installation. Dishes have been loaned by the Ransford hotel and the Elks lodge and Mrs. Geo. West will be in charge of this important department.

Mrs. West was unable to assume charge yesterday and Mrs. E. H. Quinn promptly took the work in hand, volunteering her services and demonstrating that Brainerd ladies are not backward in performing the somewhat homely but all-essential offices of preparing edibles for the sick and needy.

The main office is in the hall where phone has been installed and office desk arranged for the accommodation of the nurses and others in direct charge.

The second room back has been converted into a cloak room and the third room will be used for consultations of the nurses and physicians. The phone number is 1163 and an attendant is on the desk, night and day, to receive calls.

## Nurses Engaged

Miss Cella Krekelberg, a trained nurse, is in charge of this department. She is being assisted by Mrs. J. Russell of this city during the day and Mrs. Dennis, formerly Miss Esther Zakariasen, is in charge nights. Miss Hazel Alger, with her car, has been of great help in arranging the details, as it has required much running about and the young lady has donated her time and use of automobile for this. Miss Alger has been designated as "The Red Cross Emergency Girl," and her work has been much appreciated.

## Donations.

The hospital is being financed by the city and the Red Cross chapter, the latter having voted the sum of \$300 as temporary assistance, but liberal donations in the line of bedding, equipment, etc., have been made by local people. Con O'Brien of the O'Brien Mercantile Company, donated the sum of \$50 either in cash or materials from his store for the hospital. The N. P. hospital has donated the use of hot water bottles, ice packs and necessary hospital equipment and the use of dishes and kitchen equipment has been afforded by the Ransford hotel and the Elks lodge.

Jellies and delicacies so necessary to the sick room, are needed and those caring to contribute should confer with the chairman in charge of this department.

## Special Committees.

Mrs. J. A. Thabes, county chairman of the Red Cross, has been the

master mind back of all this splendid work and it is due largely to her judgment, earnest personal efforts and time, that the hospital has come to be a happy realization. She has been ably assisted by the following committee chairmen, in charge of special work in connection with the hospital: City Health Department, Dr. C. S. Reimstad, F. H. Simpson, Mrs. O. H. Johnson; Brainerd Chapter, Red Cross, Mrs. J. A. Thabes, chairman, Rev. E. Carlson, chairman civilian relief, Mrs. R. A. Belse, Mrs. R. R. Gould, Mrs. George West, Mrs. E. H. Quinn.

The work has been divided as follows: Equipment, Mrs. R. A. Belse, chairman, Mrs. O. H. Johnson; assistants, Mrs. R. R. Gould chairman; purchase of supplies, Mrs. J. A. Thabes chairman; donations and delicacies, Mrs. Fred T. Lincoln chairman; kitchen, Mrs. George West and Mrs. E. H. Quinn.

## ON HIS WAY OVER

Valentine Witte in Message to Home at Brainerd as Soldiers Passed Through Ohio

Mrs. C. E. Witte has received this letter from Glen Karn, Ohio, dated Oct. 28th:

"Dear—Well I don't know what to say, but from what the young soldier said, I think it is mother, so I will call you that.

Saturday evening a train load of soldiers from Fort Benjamin Harrison, Indiana, stopped in our little village. So I left the supper table and went over to the train and commenced talking to a fine young soldier and he asked me if he could send a message from here. I told him 'yes.' He kicked around in the gravel a bit and said that if he had a piece of paper he would send a message home. I examined my pockets and found an old envelope. He said that would do, so I gave it to him and he wrote this message:

"Am on my way across. Will write soon. Valentine Witte."

Handed me a dollar and told me that would pay for it, but did not say what I should do if any money was left. It only cost 55c to send the message, so I bought 15c worth of postage stamps, used to mail this letter and will send the balance to you and you can keep it or give it to the Red Cross.

It is not mine and I would not feel right to take pay from a soldier who has to leave home, also father, mother, sister, brothers and friends, and cross the Atlantic and help put down Kaiserism and make it a fit place to live in.

This young soldier said, "We are going straight through to New Jersey, take a rest of 72 hours, then take a boat and cross the big pond," also said that he supposed that boat ride would not be as smooth riding as this train and then added that as soon as we reach France and have a little more training we will be ready to go to work. Then he jumped on the train, waved his hand and said, "Goodbye friend."

I told him, "Good night" and hoped he would reach home again and out into the darkness the train rolled.

My wife grabbed a bunch of flowers and ran to the train and held them to the window. The soldier took them and said, "Thank you, lady. We have not seen flowers for a long time now."

I have just told you of the meeting of your son which I suppose and hope you will be glad to hear and receive the unused part of the dollar.

Yours respectfully,

ELMER E. POLLEY.

## NOW IN PORTLAND, ORE.

O. G. Graham, Former Brainerd Man, Writes Interesting Letter to the Dispatch

O. G. Graham, former Brainerd man, now located in Portland, Ore., writes an interesting letter to the Dispatch in which he says in part that Portland has six shipyards with thousands of men employed and more coming from the east, more than can find work and hundreds that can find no houses to live in. They are building many small cottages and hotels to house the men.

Unless they are skilled workers they do not get big wages and many are disappointed.

"I am building ships for Uncle Sam. Father and mother keep well. Father was wishing he was ten years younger, so he could do something to help win the war. Mother and my wife are busy in Red Cross work. Sister Fannie is superintendent in a hospital at Aberdeen, Wash. She likes her work very much."

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## ROLL OF HONOR

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Word was received that Sergt. Valentine Witte, son of Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Witte, has arrived safely overseas.

## SERG. MONROE ELDER KILLED ON BATTLE LINE

Collides With Train at Night While Driving Truck in Motor Corps Section

MOTHER IS NOW IN CHICAGO

Was Only Child of Mrs. Elder—First Trained at Camp Cody and Then Camp Grant

Sergeant Edward Monroe Elder, only son of Mrs. James M. Elder, was killed in France October 21, as his motor truck collided with a train. Sergt. Elder belonged to the 313th Supply Train, Co. B, of the American Expeditionary Forces.

In a letter to friends written Oct. 11, Sergt. Elder spoke of the work done to feed the division. That meant to unload rations issued to the different regiments and load them on trucks and deliver them. The trucks had to go over new roads night and day. It was not always an easy job to locate a regiment after it had moved to a new location, as at night one was not allowed to use lights, and not being able to inquire the way, and not being able to understand the direction from the French, made it at times very trying for the chauffeurs. As yet they did not have to duck shells, but shells and gas were always something to expect.

The boys in the trenches were acting like veterans and giving the huns twenty for every one given the Yanks. Sergt. Elder continued that he expected to be home next July.

James M. Elder, his father, died October last year and left a large estate to Mrs. Elder and their only child, Monroe. She is at present visiting relatives in Chicago.

Sergt. Elder, fired by the war spirit, entered one of the first officers' training camps. He had previously attended a military school and was proficient. Later he enlisted in the Third Minnesota, but the regiment was never called to the front.

He was 23 years old when he left with the contingent for Camp Dodge, Iowa, which was "captained" by Sam English. After a course of training there, Sergeant Elder was transferred to Camp Grant, Ill., and entered the motor transportation corps.

He and Fat Woods were great chums and Sergeant Elder had written Fat that when the war was over they would put on a show and Fat would be manager and they would tour the country.

Sergt. Elder was a conscientious officer, well liked by his commanding officer and associates.

In a later letter to Miss Madge Murphy of Brainerd, dated just three days before his untimely end, he again called attention to the dangers involved in transporting supplies at night.

"Our job," said he, "is to feed our division, and that means handling the supplies from the freight cars to the different regiments of the division. Each morning details of men are put to work to issue rations, forage and clothing. These articles are packed on trucks and are delivered to the different regimental dumps, then wagons with two or four horses haul the supplies to the different companies."

"You may think that is a care-free life, but trucking along a road at night with no light on the truck is not easy as one might think, especially when you consider the possibility of shell torn roads. Our work must be done if it takes twenty-four hours a day to accomplish the work, which it usually does."

He paid a tribute to his mother. "I think she is a very wonderful woman. Personally I think the mothers of America are doing more to win this war than their sons are, although we are doing the best that we can."

In closing he said, "Letters are the best things we get from America."

## NOON DAY PRAYER

To the Editor of Dispatch:—

May I as a mother suggest a way of helping to carry out the proclamation for noon-day prayer? Let the mothers of Brainerd, as far as possible, see that the children are in the house shortly before twelve, and that all members of the household including the maid, if there be one, await with expectancy the whistles and bells, summoning to prayer. A door or window may be left open, that the summons may be heard with the greater clearness and impressiveness. The moment of silence may be ended by all joining in a verse or two of America, ending with the new verse:

God bless our noble men.  
Bring them safe home again,  
God bless our men.  
Keep them victorious, patient and chivalrous.  
They are so dear to us,  
God bless our men.  
(Signed) A MOTHER.



Top off  
your Thanksgiving  
dinner with the world's  
best music

A dreamy waltz-tune; a hearty laugh over stars of vaudeville; a genuine thrill by stirring bands—any of these is an incomparable "dessert," and all may be yours if you have a

**Victrola**

Don't defer getting one—all you need to defer are the payments, if you want to, you can have the Victrola in your home today, and begin at once to draw dividends of pleasure.

Stop in, let us demonstrate the Victrola for you, and deliver the instrument of your choice.

H. F. Michael Co.

## Guns and Ammunition

Hunting Coats, Gun Cases, Shell Cases

Get our prices on guns. We are selling most guns, so far under catalogue prices that there is no comparison.

## SHOT GUN SHELLS

Our stock of shells are all fresh shells—this year's loads—no left overs. Don't forget, if you want good, fresh, 1918 loads buy at

**WHITE BROTHERS**

Hardware and Sporting Goods

Tel. 57

:-:

616 Laurel St.

## Brainerd Coffee Co.

1205 South 6th St.

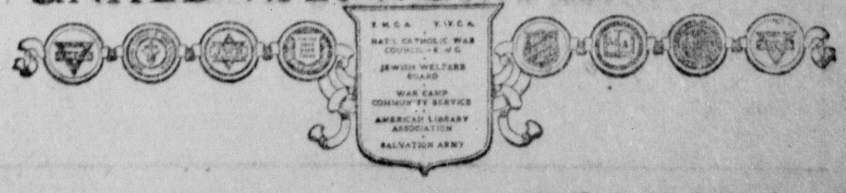
We wish to announce that in addition to one of the largest stocks of automobile accessories in the city we have purchased the stock of the Brainerd Coffee Co. and also carry a full line of groceries. Our prices are as low as any cash grocery in the city.

A. S. Herrmann.

NEXT time you hear anyone say that there are too many welfare organizations, ask him what part of Germany he comes from.

We can't do too much for our fighters. Each organization is doing a part of this great big job, working together, planning together, pulling together. Give all you can! Now, all together!

## UNITED WAR WORK CAMPAIGN





# Dispatch Want Ads

PRICE—One cent a word. If paid in advance one-half cent a word for subsequent insertions.

## HELP WANTED

WANTED—Surface laborers, good wages. Omaha Mine Co., Woodrow, Minn. 3252-139165

WANTED—Drill helpers. Steady work. Apply Crosby Exploration Co., Crosby, Minn. 2964-8417

WANTED—Laborers at Parker & Topping Foundry, 40c per hour. Apply to foreman. 3350-9417

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Mrs. W. A. M. Johnstone, 507 N. 4th St. 3217-12917

WANTED—A first class machinist, one capable of keeping up the general repairs around the foundry. Apply to Mr. Webb, Parker & Topping Co. 3243-13417

WANTED—Handy man. Steady position to right person. Brainerd Model Laundry. 3256-14017

## FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Furnished room, 722 South Broadway. 3149-11517

FOR RENT—Suite of rooms with board. 303 N. 5th St. 3149-11517

FOR RENT—House at 708 S. 9th St. Apply to 922 S. 7th St. 3254-13917

FOR RENT or SALE—Good house on North side. Inquire at 1024 Fir St. 3230-13117

FOR RENT—House 224 N. 9th St., corner of Kingwood. Inquire F. A. Farrar. 3251-13917

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping. Inquire at 307 So. 7th St. 3250-13717

FOR RENT—Parsonage, 315 Ninth St. South, new, modern throughout, 9 rooms and basement. Inquire at Swanson & Thon grocery. \$15.00 month. To March 1st. 3223-13917

## FOR SALE

FORD FOR SALE—Emil Anderson, 1109 Pine St. S. E. 3260-14117

FOR SALE—Five passenger Ford car 1918 model, run 5 months. First class condition. \$425. Brainerd Grocery Co. 3259-14117

FOR SALE—Team of horses weighing about 1000 lbs. each. Splendid drivers, in good condition. Model Laundry. 3171-11917

FOR SALE CHEAP—One 12 h. p. Fuller & Johnson gasoline engine, with movable trucks. Woodhead Motor Co. 2742-4517

## MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—Position as housekeeper. Inquire 307 S. 7th St. 3258-14117

LOST—Glasses in case. Finder return to Dispatch. 3261-14212

LOST—Bunch of keys on ring. Finder bring to Dispatch for reward. 3255-14013p

FOUND—Bunch of keys. Owner can recover at Dispatch office. 3262-14212

WANTED to hear from owner of good farm for sale. State cash price, full description. D. F. Bush, Minneapolis, Minn.

## 1.065 ON LAST CASUALTY LIST

Washington, Nov. 16.—The war department reports 1,065 additional casualties in the American Expeditionary Forces, bringing the country's war losses to 73,819.

Names of 223 Americans killed in action headed the list. The department also reported 276 deaths from disease.

Other casualties announced were: Died of wounds, 32; died of accident and other causes, 5; wounded, 251; missing in action, 278.

Killed in Action: Corp. Walter Hankins, Le Sueur Center, Minn.; Corp. William John McKay, Ranier, Minn.; Privates Axel Borgie, St. Hilaire, Minn.; John V. O. Comfort, Stillwater, Minn.; Olaf Locken, Hallowell, Minn.; Frank Lund, Oakleigh, Minn.; Lee Gautsche, Langdon, N. D.; Arthur Hulstrand, Parkers Prairie, Minn.; Ole W. Martin, Pekin, N. D.; Edgbert Parsons, Rochester, Minn.; John A. Sundstrom, Minneapolis; Dring H. Roiland, Kloten, N. D.; Died of Disease: Privates Berley E. Derrick, Steigman, S. D.; George H. Knox, Caledonia, Minn.; Arthur H. Koelmeel, Wabasha, Minn.; Paul Kopping, Kinbrae, Minn. Wounded Severely: Private Thomas L. Tietney, St. Paul, Minn.; Sgt. Andrew Kelsier, Loretto, Minn.; Corp. William H. Anderson, Minneapolis; Privates Charles Aussant, St. Paul; John G. Berg, Fosston, Minn.; Marion C. Develander, Harrison, S. D.; John F. Mengold, Corona, S. D.; Elmer B. Ederson, Britton, S. D.; Henry B. Halstenson, Blooming Prairie, Minn.; Elmer L. Jensen, Minneapolis; Peter C. Jensen, Keystone, S. D.; Wounded Slightly: Private Emil Mackley, Aurora, Minn.; Wounded, Degree Undetermined: Corp. John Shaddock, St. Cloud, Minn.; Privates Jesse A. Burrows, Oakes, N. D.; Arthur D. Callahan, Waseca, Minn.; Missing in Action: Privates George C. Bolkan, Cooperstown, N. D.; Herman J. Kappes, Ada, Minn.; John E. McQueen, Verdil, Minn.

Those who have been looking ahead, particularly people who have been considering the high wages that have been paid to laborers since the war began, are wondering just what will happen when the time comes for reduction of these wages. There have been predictions that labor will rebel and that there will be many strikes, for the working men who have been receiving such high wages will not take kindly to a reduction; and it is certain that a reduction will follow because of the impossibility of keeping up war prices in regard to either labor or other commodities. While strikes have been predicted, it is somewhat doubtful whether they will be numerous or severe. Strikes usually occur when there is a great demand for labor, rather than when demand slackens. At all events, officials in Washington having to do with labor conditions are somewhat uneasy and it is believed that the various labor boards will be as busy after the war as they have been during its vigorous prosecution.

In the absence of Senator Lewis of Illinois, who has been campaigning for re-election, Senator Pittman of Nevada became the regular administration spokesman and frequently made strong speeches with a decided political flavor. Pittman is one of the kind who does not mind words and, having a flow of language, he can talk at considerable length.

Probably there is no other organization on earth which does such a variety of work as the American Red Cross. Everyone knows the big undertakings it carries on, but nothing seems overlooked, so long as it contributes to the comfort of the fighting men. For instance:

A dairy of 1,000 cows has been established in France to furnish fresh milk for American wounded.

Moving pictures are in operation in dugouts right back of the front-line trenches.

An art exhibition was recently held of work done by soldiers.

Photographs are taken of the graves of men who fall in battle, and are forwarded to relatives of the men.

Red Cross workers go up to Paris from the trenches, buy things that the soldiers want, and bring them back.

These are a few illustrations of the many minor activities of this great organization. As one of its bulletins recently stated, "Red Cross and red tape have nothing in common."

Scientists in the department of agriculture have issued a warning to farmers to watch their cattle for the foot-and-mouth disease. The damage done by the outbreak of two years ago is fresh enough in the minds of stock owners to keep them from letting up any in their guard against the disease. But what caused the agricultural department to sound a special note of warning is the fact that there has been an outbreak of it in England. The conservation of foodstuffs has been an important factor in the recent allied successes, and a serious epidemic of foot-and-mouth disease in this country would be a hard blow to the cause we are fighting for.

His Style.

"That tenor sings like a nautical pirate."

"How do you mean?"

"He does such execution on the high C's."

# HUN CHIEFS MUST BE WELL PUNISHED

OTHERWISE PEOPLE WHO KNOW THEIR BARBARITY WILL BE BITTERLY DISAPPOINTED.

## LABOR TROUBLES PREDICTED

Reductions of Wages That Will Be Necessary After the War Ends May Bring on Strikes—Minor Red Cross Activities.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington.—There is a great deal of apprehension among people who have learned to detest the Huns lest the move for peace on the part of Germany prevent the allies from getting and punishing all those in authority who were responsible for the barbarous practices that have horrified the world since Germany plunged it into this awful cataclysm of war. Of course, generally speaking, it is known that the average Hun has been a savage whether wearing the epaulettes of an officer or the common uniform of a private. There seems to have been little distinction between high and low in the matter of brutality and ferocity. At the same time we all know that there are always men higher up who are primarily responsible for everything that is done by an army, and it is these higher-up Huns that a great many people want severely punished when they think of the outrages that have been perpetrated upon the people of Belgium and France, Serbia, Roumania and other countries which have been overrun by the German hordes. There is not much mercy or tendency to forbearance on the part of people who know all that has been done by the Germans since the war began, and there will be a lot of dissatisfaction if reprisals and punishments do not follow the close of hostilities.

Those who have been looking ahead, particularly people who have been considering the high wages that have been paid to laborers since the war began, are wondering just what will happen when the time comes for reduction of these wages. There have been predictions that labor will rebel and that there will be many strikes, for the working men who have been receiving such high wages will not take kindly to a reduction; and it is certain that a reduction will follow because of the impossibility of keeping up war prices in regard to either labor or other commodities. While strikes have been predicted, it is somewhat doubtful whether they will be numerous or severe. Strikes usually occur when there is a great demand for labor, rather than when demand slackens. At all events, officials in Washington having to do with labor conditions are somewhat uneasy and it is believed that the various labor boards will be as busy after the war as they have been during its vigorous prosecution.

In the absence of Senator Lewis of Illinois, who has been campaigning for re-election, Senator Pittman of Nevada became the regular administration spokesman and frequently made strong speeches with a decided political flavor. Pittman is one of the kind who does not mind words and, having a flow of language, he can talk at considerable length.

Probably there is no other organization on earth which does such a variety of work as the American Red Cross. Everyone knows the big undertakings it carries on, but nothing seems overlooked, so long as it contributes to the comfort of the fighting men. For instance:

A dairy of 1,000 cows has been established in France to furnish fresh milk for American wounded.

Moving pictures are in operation in dugouts right back of the front-line trenches.

An art exhibition was recently held of work done by soldiers.

Photographs are taken of the graves of men who fall in battle, and are forwarded to relatives of the men.

Red Cross workers go up to Paris from the trenches, buy things that the soldiers want, and bring them back.

These are a few illustrations of the many minor activities of this great organization. As one of its bulletins recently stated, "Red Cross and red tape have nothing in common."

Scientists in the department of agriculture have issued a warning to farmers to watch their cattle for the foot-and-mouth disease. The damage done by the outbreak of two years ago is fresh enough in the minds of stock owners to keep them from letting up any in their guard against the disease. But what caused the agricultural department to sound a special note of warning is the fact that there has been an outbreak of it in England. The conservation of foodstuffs has been an important factor in the recent allied successes, and a serious epidemic of foot-and-mouth disease in this country would be a hard blow to the cause we are fighting for.

His Style.

"That tenor sings like a nautical pirate."

"How do you mean?"

"He does such execution on the high C's."

# WANT GUILTY PUNISHED

Demands That Men Who Started War Be Brought to Justice.

American Defense Society and French Deputies Ask Trial of Those Responsible.

New York, Nov. 16.—The following telegram has been sent to President Wilson by the executive committee of the American Defense Society:

"The American Defense Society earnestly recommends that the United States government shall present at the peace conference the request that no terms of peace shall be assented to which shall not include the trial, and, if found guilty, the punishment of all persons who may have committed any criminal acts outside of the laws of war, regardless of rank."

Deputies Ask Action.

Paris, Nov. 16.—Three deputies have served notice of their intention to move that the Allied governments open legal proceedings against those responsible for the war through establishment of a tribunal composed of representatives of all the countries which have suffered from the machinations of these men.

They declared in a memorandum that even if Holland should refuse extradition, "the fact that the kaiser, the crown prince and their advisers had been condemned by such a tribunal would place them in such a position that their only refuge would be death."

France has plunged into the task of reconstruction and demobilization. The oldest classes probably will be the first to be mustered out. Next will come the farmers, miners and men of similar qualifications for much needed labor and those whose old jobs are waiting for them.

The ministry of labor is working on a scheme for jobs for the jobless and will start up peace time enterprises.

## RADIO PHONE FOR AIRMEN

Wireless Telephone Used by Americans to Guide Planes.

Washington, Nov. 16.—Squadrons of American airplanes fighting in France up to the moment of the armistice were maneuvering under the vocal orders of the squadron commander that reached each pilot by radio telephone. News of the successful development of this wireless telephone, hitherto a military secret, though some inkling of it had reached the Germans just before hostilities ceased, was allowed to become public by John D. Ryan, director of aircraft production. Mr. Ryan said he personally had given oral orders to pilots in the air. It is said the instrument works over a distance of several miles.

## DAILY MARKET REPORT

Minneapolis Grain.  
Minneapolis, Nov. 16.—Corn, November, 60½¢; December, 60¢; January, 60½¢. Rye, November, \$1.50½; December, \$1.60½; January, \$1.62. Barley, choice, 92¢; No. 3, 90¢. Corn, No. 3 white, \$1.30½; No. 3 yellow, \$1.30½.

Duluth Flax.  
Duluth, Nov. 16.—Flaxseed, November, \$3.98; December, \$3.84; May, \$3.84.

Chicago Grain.  
Chicago, Nov. 16.—Corn, November, \$1.22½; December, \$1.20; January, \$1.21½. Oats, November, 72½¢; December, 71½¢; January, 70½¢.

South St. Paul Live Stock.  
South St. Paul, Nov. 16.—Estimated receipts at the Union Stock Yards: Cattle, 10,000; calves, 1,000; hogs, 16,000; sheep, 2,000; horses, 20; cars, 603. Hogs, \$17.00@17.10; sheep and lambs, \$9.00@14.25.

Chicago Live Stock.  
Chicago, Nov. 16.—(U. S. Bureau of Markets.)—Hogs—Receipts, 60,000; butchers, \$17.00@18; light, \$17.15@17.90; packing, \$16.50@17.50; throwouts, \$15@16.25; pigs, good to choice, \$14.50@15.25.

Cattle—Receipts, 18,000; beef cattle, good, choice and prime, \$15.75@19.75; common and prime, \$9.65@15.75; butchers, stockers and feeders, good, choice and fancy, \$10@12.75; inferior, common and medium, \$7@10; veal calves, good and choice, \$16.75@17.50; western range beef steers, \$14.25@17.65; cows and heifers, \$8.50@12.75.

Butter, Eggs and Poultry.  
Minneapolis, Nov. 16.—BUTTER—Extras, 58¢; extra firsts, 55¢; firsts, 54¢; seconds, 53¢; dairies, 47¢; packing stock, 39¢.

EGGS—Fresh, prime firsts, new cases, free from rots, small, dirties and checks out, per doz. 58¢; current receipts, rots out, \$16.50; checks and seconds, doz. 35¢; dirties, candied, doz. 40¢; quotations on eggs include cases.

LIVE POULTRY—Turkeys, fat, 10 lbs and over, 26¢; thin, small, cripples and culls, unsalable; roosters, 17¢; ducks, 18¢; geese, 15¢; hens, 4 lbs and over, 20¢; hens, under 4 lbs, 17¢; springs, all weights, 19¢; guineas, young, doz. \$5.00; guineas, old, doz. \$5.00.

Freight Shipments Increase.

Washington, Nov. 16.—Director General McAdoo announced that a report from the exports control committee for October shows that arrivals of cargo load export freight at North Atlantic ports, including bulk grain and coal, during the month totaled 45,210 cars, while deliveries were 42,655 cars, resulting in an increase of freight on hand due principally to recent arrivals of government freight. There was also a slight increase of freight on hand at South Atlantic and Gulf ports.

## Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

Default having been made in the conditions of that certain mortgage duly executed by Werner Hemstead and Marguerite Hemstead his wife, as mortgagors to the First National Bank of Duluth, Minnesota, a corporation as mortgagee, bearing date the seventh day of April, A. D. 1917, with power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Registrar of Deeds in and for the county of Crow Wing, State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of April, A. D. 1917, at eleven o'clock A. M., in Book 25 of Mortgages, at page 6, and also duly filed and registered in the office of the Registrar of Titles in and for said county of Crow Wing, on the 10th day of April, A. D. 1917, at eleven o'clock A. M., designated as Document number 3232, memorials whereof were and have been duly entered on various Certificates of Title, of record in the office of said Registrar of Titles, described as Certificate of Title No. 1323 recorded in Volume No. 5 at page 123; Certificate of Title No. 4929 recorded in Volume No. 17 at page 129; Certificate of Title No. 3339 recorded in Volume No. 12 at page 30; Certificate of Title No. 4931 recorded in Volume No. 17 at page 131; Certificate of Title No. 1644 recorded in Volume No. 6 at page 145, and Certificate of Title No. 4930 recorded in Volume No. 17 at page 130, on which mortgage there is now due the sum of Five Thousand Five Hundred Six Dollars and Fifty Cents: Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, to-wit:

An undivided one-sixth (1-6) of Southeast Quarter of Northwest Quarter (SE¼ of NW¼) of Section twenty-one (21), in Township forty-five (45) North, of Range thirty (30) West, subject to mining lease for fifty years to Northwestern Improvement Company as shown by Document 1164 in the office of the Registrar of Titles of Crow Wing County, Minnesota; an undivided four-twenty-fourths (4-24) of east half of northwest quarter (E½ of NW¼) of Section thirteen (13), in Township forty-four (44) North, of Range thirty (30) West, subject to the following incumbrances and easements as shown by the following document numbers in the office of the Registrar of Titles of Crow Wing County, Minnesota, viz: document No. 1876, mining lease assignment to The Division Company, a corporation; Document No. 1876, mining sub-lease assignment to Canadian-Cuyuna Ore Company, a corporation; Document No. 2006, shaft agreement to The Division Company, a corporation; Document No. 2007, assignment to Canadian-Cuyuna Ore Company; Document No. 2258, mortgage for \$1133.10 to First National Bank of Brainerd, Minnesota; and also subject to a judgment lien registered in said office of Registrar of Titles in favor of Citizens State Bank of Brainerd and assigned to O'Brien Mercantile Company, which assignment is registered in said office of Registrar of Titles.

An undivided four-twenty-eighths (4-28) of the east nineteen hundred and eight feet of the north half of the northwest quarter (N½ of NW¼) of section twenty-nine (29) in Township forty-five (45) North, of Range thirty (30) West, excepting the following described four parcels of land designated as Tract 1, Tract 2, Tract 3 and Tract 4, viz: Tract 1, commencing at the quarter post at the northeast corner of said eighty acre tract, thence south 383 feet, thence west 78 feet, thence north 383 feet, thence east 78 feet to the place of beginning; Tract 2, commencing on the east line of said eighty acre tract 766 feet south of the north quarter post of said section 29, thence south 366 feet, thence west 78 feet, thence north 366 feet, thence east 78 feet to the place of beginning; Tract 3, commencing at a point 310 feet west of the east line and 1132 feet south of the north line of said eighty acre tract, thence west 366 feet, thence north 366 feet, thence east 183 feet, thence south 183 feet, thence east 183 feet, thence south 183 feet to the place of beginning; Tract 4, commencing at a point 1359 feet west of the east line and 766 feet south of the north line of said eighty acre tract, thence west 183 feet, thence north 183 feet, thence east 183 feet, thence south 183 feet to the place of beginning; subject to an easement 20 feet wide running north appurtenant to Tract 3 to Fred D. McMillen, shown by Document No. 1194 in the Office of the Registrar of Titles of Crow Wing County, Minnesota; an undivided one-twenty-fourth (1-24) of Lots one (1), two (2) and three (3) of Section thirty-four (34) Township one hundred thirty-four (134) North, of Range twenty-eight (28) West of the 5th P. M. according to the Government Survey thereof, excepting and reserving therefrom the following tracts, rights and interests, viz:

1. All that tract or parcel excepted and reserved by the Mississippi Water Power and Boom Company in its deed to Helena Guest, under date of October 1st, 1888, recorded on the 9th day of April, 1889, in Book 4 of Deeds, on page 584, in the office of Registrar of Deeds in and for said Crow Wing County.

2. All that tract or parcel, together with the rights and interests conveyed by the deed of Helena Guest to The Brainerd and Northern Minnesota Railway Company under date of August 19th, 1899, and recorded in the office of said Registrar of Deeds on February 10th, 1900, in Book 10 of Deeds, on page 133.

3. All that tract or parcel, together with the rights and interests conveyed by the deed of George W. Holland to the Northwest Paper Company, under date of December 5th, 1902, which deed was recorded on the 2nd day of January, 1903, in the Office of said Registrar of Deeds, in Book 21, of Deeds, on page 153.

An undivided one-tenth (1-10) of Lot four (4) of Section ten (10) and the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter (SW¼ of NW¼) of Section eleven (11) all in Township

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## WOULD CURB BOND SHARKS

Government May Regulate Issues of Securities.  
Washington, Nov. 16.—Sentiment has developed among treasury officials and congressional leaders for a federal institution to regulate issues of securities in the next few years, to prevent the market from being flooded with fraudulent stocks and bonds, for which citizens might trade in their liberty bonds.

## WORK WILL BEGIN AT ONCE

Men in Development Battalions to Be Mustered Out.

Washington, Nov. 16.—Men of the development battalions will be the first units of the army demobilized, Secretary Baker announced. There are about 50,000 men now in these battalions and they will be mustered out as soon as they can be given the necessary physical examinations.

## Union of Protestant Churches.

New York, Nov. 15.—Representatives of nine Protestant denominations have accepted an invitation of the Presbyterian church in the United States of America to meet in Philadelphia, December 3 to 6, to consider a proposal of the Presbyterian general assembly for "organic union of the Evangelical Churches in America." It is announced here. The plan calls for an inter-denominational council to work out a plan for making "one federal church out of all these denominations."



There are Now Only

31

Shopping Days